



Alianza para la Transparencia
en el Acuerdo de París
Grupo Regional de América Latina y el Caribe



REPÚBLICA DE PANAMÁ
— GOBIERNO NACIONAL —



CBIT-GSP
CLIMATE TRANSPARENCY

Exercise: Filling CTF Table 12

Fernando Farias
Senior Advisor
UNEP-Copenhagen Climate Centre
Fernando.farias@un.org



copenhagen
climate centre



Exercises with CTF tables: Table 12

Response Measure table (Table CTF12)

12. Information necessary to track progress on the implementation and achievement of the domestic policies and measures implemented to address the social and economic consequences of response measures^a

<i>Sectors and activities associated with the response measures^b</i>	<i>Social and economic consequences of the response measures^c</i>	<i>Challenges in and barriers to addressing the consequences^d</i>	<i>Actions to address the consequences^e</i>
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^a Each Party with an NDC under Article 4 that consists of adaptation actions and/or economic diversification plans resulting in mitigation co-benefits consistent with Article 4, para. 7, of the Paris Agreement shall provide the information necessary to track progress on the implementation and achievement of the domestic policies and measures implemented to address the social and economic consequences of response measures (para. 78 of the MPGs).

^b In accordance with para. 78(a) of the MPGs.

^c In accordance with para. 78(b) of the MPGs.

Exercises with CTF tables: CTF 12 Examples of response measures reported

For purposes of this exercise, we will also use example of [Saudi Arabia](#)

How could Saudi Arabia fill CTF Table 12, using data from its 1st BUR (2018)

The Saudi Arabia BUR can be downloaded at: <https://unfccc.int/BURs>

Exercises with CTF tables

1. **Saudi Arabia** presents in Table #4.1 of its 1st BUR (page 99-105), a *Summary of information on Economic and Social consequences of response measures for Saudi Arabia.*

Response Measure Actions:

1. Measures introduced in **Transport sector** include the introduction of:

- Fuel and vehicle standards
- Biofuel subsidies
- Vehicle purchase subsidies for procurement of electric vehicles
- Feebates
- Fuel economy performance standards
- GHG emission performance standards
- Regulatory restrictions to encourage modal shifts (road to rail)
- Fuel labelling
- Vehicle efficiency labelling
- Low-emission vehicle procurement

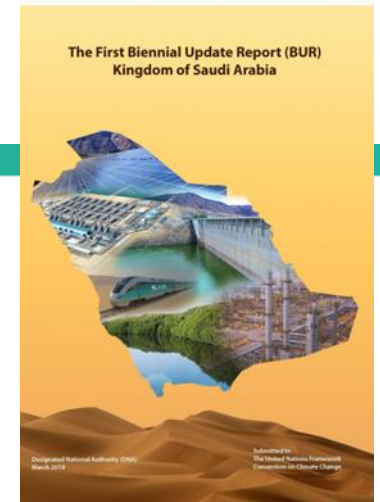
2. **Taxes** such as carbon and energy taxes

3. **Subsidies for the production or consumption of low-carbon technologies** or goods

4. **Renewable Energy Support Schemes**, such as feed-in tariffs, investment programs, direct subsidies, tax breaks and electricity market reforms as well as biofuel production mandates and renewable fuel standards

5. **Emissions Trading System (ETS)**, such as cap-and-trade schemes, offset mechanisms and benchmark and credit schemes as well as free allocation under an Emissions Trading System.

7. **Carbon labeling scheme (CLS)**



Exercises with CTF tables

Response Measure table (Table CTF12)

Examples of economic and social impacts presented by Saudi Arabia:

Economic Impact: Medium economic impact expected in the short to medium term through reduced exports of oil and derivative products.

Social Impacts: Medium social impacts are expected in the short to medium term for workers employed in oil exporting sectors and its derivatives.

Social Impacts: The welfare of the population directly or indirectly dependent on the energy and related industries will be negatively impacted.

- **Challenges and barriers to address the consequences**
- **Support needed to address the consequences**

Exercises with CTF tables

Response Measure table (Table CTF12)

a) With this information from **Saudi Arabia** available, can you identify some common response measures that can also be applied to your country and reported into your country's CTF Table 12?

